

In the Claims:

1. (currently amended) A multiplier-divider circuit for a PFC controller, comprising:

a first multiplier-input terminal, for accepting a first multiplier signal;

a second multiplier-input terminal, for accepting a second multiplier signal;

a divisor-input terminal, for accepting a divisor-signal;

a constant current source, for providing a constant current;

a pulse generator, for generating a pulse-signal, an inversed pulse-signal, a sawtooth-signal, a sample-signal and a clear-signal;

a first multiplier-divider stage, having a first input, a second input ~~and~~, a third input and an output, wherein said first input of said first multiplier-divider stage is connected to said first multiplier-input terminal, said second input of said first multiplier-divider stage is connected to said constant current source, and said third input of said first multiplier-divider stage is connected coupled to said divisor input terminal divisor signal;

a second multiplier-divider stage, having a first input, a second input ~~and~~, a third input and an output, wherein said first input of said second multiplier-divider stage is connected to ~~an~~ said output of said first multiplier-divider stage, said second input of said second multiplier-divider stage is connected to said second multiplier-input terminal, and said third input of said second multiplier-divider stage is connected coupled to said divisor input terminal divisor signal; and

an output terminal, connected to ~~an~~ said output of said second multiplier-divider stage.

2. (currently amended) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 1,

wherein the a magnitude of an output signal of the said first multiplier-divider stage is substantially proportional to the a product of the a magnitude of said first multiplier-signal and the a magnitude of said constant current.

3. **(currently amended)** The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 1, wherein the said magnitude of said output signal of said first multiplier-divider stage is inversely proportional to the a magnitude of the said divisor-signal.

4. **(currently amended)** The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 1, wherein the a magnitude of an output signal of said second multiplier-divider stage is substantially proportional to the a product of the said magnitude of said first multiplier-signal, the a magnitude of said second multiplier signal, and the said magnitude of said constant current.

5. **(currently amended)** The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 1, wherein the a magnitude of said output signal of the said second multiplier-divider stage is inversely proportional to the a square of the said magnitude of said divisor-signal.

6. **(currently amended)** The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 1, wherein said pulse generator comprises:

- a pulse-signal output terminal;
- a sawtooth-signal generator;
- an inversed pulse-signal output terminal;
- a sample-signal output terminal;
- a clear-signal output terminal;
- a pulse-generator current source, having an input connected to a voltage source;
- a pulse-generator current sink, having an output connected to a ground reference;

a pulse generator junction;

a first pulse generator switch, connected between an output of the pulse generator current source and said pulse generator junction;

a second pulse generator switch, connected between said pulse generator junction and an input of said pulse generator current sink; and

a control circuit, for controlling the said first pulse generator switches and said second pulse generator switch.

7. (currently amended) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 6, wherein said control circuit for the pulse generator switches comprises:

a hysteresis comparator, having an input connected to said pulse generator junction;

a pulse-generator capacitor, connected between said input of said hysteresis comparator and the said ground reference;

a first array of two NOT-gates, having an input connected to an output of said hysteresis comparator;

a pulse-generator comparator, having a positive input connected to an output of the sawtooth-signal generator, said pulse generator comparator having a negative input supplied with a reference voltage;

a second array of two NOT-gates, having an input connected to an output of said pulse-generator comparator;

a latch circuit, consisting of a first NAND-gate and a second NAND-gate, said latch circuit having a first input connected to an output of said first array of two NOT-gates, said latch circuit having a second input connected to an output of said second array of two NOT-gates, said latch circuit having an output for supplying a control signal to said second

pulse-generator switch; and

a first pulse-generator NOT-gate, for supplying a another control signal to the said first pulse-generator switch, said first pulse-generator NOT-gate having an input connected to said output of said latch circuit.

8. (currently amended) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 7, wherein the control circuit ~~for the pulse generator switches~~ further comprises:

a first array of three NOT-gates, having an input connected to said output of the latch circuit;

a first pulse-generator AND-gate, having an input, an inverted input, an output, wherein said input of said first pulse-generator AND-gate is connected to an output of said first array of three NOT-gates, said inverted input of said first pulse-generator AND-gate is connected to said output of the said latch circuit, and said output of said first pulse-generator AND-gate is connected to said sample-signal output terminal;

a second array of three NOT-gates, having an input connected to said first input of said latch circuit;

a second pulse-generator AND-gate, having an input, an inverted input and an output, wherein said input of said second pulse-generator AND-gate is connected to an output of said second array of three NOT-gates, said inverted input of said second pulse-generator AND-gate is connected to said first input of the said latch circuit, and said output of said second pulse-generator AND-gate is connected to said clear-signal output terminal of the said pulse generator.

a third NAND-gate, having a first input, a second input and an output, wherein said first input of said third NAND-gate is connected to said output of said latch circuit, said second input of said third NAND-gate is connected to said first input of said latch circuit, and

said output of said third NAND-gate is connected said pulse-signal output terminal; and
a second pulse-generator NOT-gate, for supplying an said inversed inverse
pulse-signal, said second pulse generator NOT-gate having an input connected to said output of
the said third NAND-gate.

9. (currently amended) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 6,
wherein the sawtooth-signal generator comprises:

a sawtooth-signal output terminal, for outputting a said sawtooth-signal;
a sawtooth capacitor, connected between said sawtooth-signal output terminal
and the said ground reference;

a sawtooth current sink, for discharging said sawtooth capacitor, said sawtooth
current sink having an output connected to the said ground reference;

a sawtooth discharge switch, connected between said sawtooth-signal output
terminal and an input of said sawtooth current sink, said sawtooth discharge switch having a
control terminal supplied with said inversed pulse-signal; and

a sawtooth charging switch, connected between said divisor-input terminal and
said sawtooth-signal output terminal, said sawtooth charging switch having a control terminal
supplied with said pulse-signal.

10. (currently amended) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 9,
wherein the said sawtooth current sink comprises:

a sawtooth transistor, for producing a variable discharge current, said sawtooth
transistor having a drain connected to said sawtooth-signal output terminal via said sawtooth
discharge switch;

a sawtooth operation amplifier, for driving said sawtooth transistor, said
sawtooth operation amplifier having a negative input connected to a source of said sawtooth

transistor, and a positive input connected to the said divisor-input terminal; and
a sawtooth resistor, connected between said source of said sawtooth transistor
and the said ground reference.

11. (currently amended) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 9,
wherein the a length of a charge time and the a length of a discharge time of said sawtooth
capacitor are independent of the said magnitude of the said divisor input signal.

12. (currently amended) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 9,
wherein the a peak value of the sawtooth-signal is proportional to the said the magnitude of said
divisor-input signal.

13. (original) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 1, wherein said
first multiplier-divider stage comprises:

 a first charge-time control circuit, for generating a first charge-time signal;
 a first linear charging block, for generating a first charging signal; and
 a first sample-and-hold circuit, for producing an first output signal.

14. (currently amended) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 13,
wherein said first charge-time control circuit of said first multiplier-divider stage comprises:

 a first charge-time comparator, for supplying a first initial signal, said first
charge-time comparator having a positive input connected to said first multiplier-input
terminal, and a negative input supplied with said sawtooth-signal; and
 a first AND-gate, for generating said first charge-time signal, said first
AND-gate having a first input supplied with said inverse pulse-signal, and a second input
connected to an output of said first charge-time comparator.

15. (currently amended) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 13,
wherein said first linear charging block of the first multiplier-divider stage comprises:

a first charge-output terminal, for supplying said first charging signal;

a first charge capacitor, for generating said first charging signal, said first charge capacitor being connected between said output terminal and the said ground reference;

a first charge switch, for controlling the a charge-time of said first charge capacitor, said first charge switch being connected between said constant current source and said first charge-output terminal, wherein said first charge switch comprises an control terminal controlled by said first charge-time control circuit; and

a first discharge switch, for discharging said first charge capacitor, said discharge switch being connected between said first charge-output terminal and the said ground reference, said discharge switch having a control terminal controlled by said clear-signal, wherein the a state of said first multiplier-divider stage is reset in response to said clear-signal.

16. (currently amended) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 13, wherein said first sample-and-hold circuit of said first multiplier-divider stage comprises:

a first sample-and-hold operation amplifier, for buffering said first charging signal, said first sample-and-hold operation amplifier having a positive input supplied with said first charging signal, and a negative input connected to an output of first said sample-and-hold operation amplifier;

a first sample-and-hold switch, for sampling said first charging signal, said first sample-and-hold switch being connected between an said output of said first sample-and-hold operation amplifier and said output of said first multiplier-divider stage; and

a first sample-and-hold capacitor, for holding said output signal of said first multiplier-divider stage, said first sample-and-hold capacitor being connected between the output terminal of said first multiplier-divider stage and the said ground reference.

17. (original) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 1, wherein said

second multiplier-divider stage comprises:

- a second charge-time control circuit, for generating a second charge-time signal;
- a second linear charging block, for generating a second charging signal; and
- a second sample-and-hold circuit, for producing an second output signal.

18. (original) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 17, wherein said second charge-time control circuit of said second multiplier-divider stage comprises:

a second charge-time comparator, for supplying a second initial signal, said second charge-time comparator having a positive input connected to said output terminal of said first multiplier-divider stage, and a negative input supplied with said sawtooth-signal; and

a second AND-gate, for generating said second charge-time signal, said second AND-gate having a second input supplied with said inverse pulse-signal, and a second input connected to an output of said charge-time comparator.

19. (currently amended) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 17, wherein said second linear charging block of the said second multiplier-divider stage comprises:

a second charge-output terminal, for supplying said second charging signal;

a second charge capacitor, for generating said second charging signal, said second charge capacitor being connected between said output terminal and the said ground reference;

a second charge switch, for controlling the a charge-time of said charge capacitor, said charge switch being connected between said second multiplier-input terminal and said second charge-output terminal, said second charge switch having an a control terminal controlled by said second charge-time control circuit; and

a second discharge switch, for discharging said second charge capacitor, said

discharge switch being connected between said second charge-output terminal and ~~the~~ said ground reference, said discharge switch having a control terminal controlled by said clear-signal, wherein ~~the~~ a state of said second multiplier-divider stage is reset in response to said clear-signal.

20. (currently amended) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 17, wherein said second sample-and-hold circuit of said second multiplier-divider stage comprises:

a second sample-and-hold operation amplifier, for buffering said second charging signal, said second sample-and-hold operation amplifier having a positive input supplied with said second charging signal and a negative input connected to an output of second said sample-and-hold operation amplifier;

a second sample-and-hold switch, for sampling said second charging signal, said second sample-and-hold switch being connected between ~~an~~ said output of said second sample-and-hold operation amplifier and said output of said second multiplier-divider stage; and

a second sample-and-hold capacitor, for holding said output signal of said multiplier-divider, said second sample-and-hold capacitor being connected between the output terminal of said second multiplier-divider stage and the said ground reference.

21. (currently amended) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 1, wherein the length of said first charge-time of said first multiplier-divider stage is proportional to the magnitude of said first multiplier-signal divided by the magnitude of the divisor-signal[[;]].

22. (currently amended) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 1, wherein ~~the~~ a length of said second charge-time of said second multiplier-divider stage is proportional to the said magnitude of said second multiplier-signal divided by the said

magnitude of said divisor-signal;

23. (original) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 1, wherein said sample-signal is generated in response to said pulse-signal, following a delay time, wherein said clear-signal is generated in response to said sample-signal following a delay time.

24. (original) The multiplier-divider circuit according to claim 1, wherein said multiplier-divider circuit is built from CMOS MOSFET-based devices.